

A TERRIFIC TEMPEST.

**Wind, Rain and Lightning
in Pennsylvania.**

**A Chapter of Disasters in Many Parts
of the State.**

Many Houses Struck by Lightning

Several Cities Partly Inundated—
Railway Tracks Washed Out—
Bridges Swept Away and
Much Damage Done.

By Telegraph to The Times.

PITTSBURGH, May 23.—[By the Associated Press.] A severe rain and electrical storm passed over a large

A house on Black Horse hill, occupied by John Miller, was lifted bodily from the foundation and blown a considerable distance. The family ex-

score of other houses in that vicinity were unroofed. A large number of persons received slight injuries, but so far as is known there was no fatality there.

At McKeesport hailstones as large as walnuts fell, while the rain poured down in sheets for half an hour. The lightning struck several buildings, and considerable damage was done. The

greatest injury was done by water, which came down White's hollow in a stream 75 feet wide. The water was five feet on Fifth avenue, and a number of houses below grade were submerged.

KILLED BY LIGHTNING.
At Greensburg, William Fry, gardener at St. Joseph Academy, was killed by lightning. Heavy rains caused great damage in the lowlands in the vicinity. Lightning struck a

Near Washington, Pa., lightning struck a derrick on the Miller farm shattering it and killing William Furman, seriously injuring William Gates and stunning two others.

In Fayette county the rainfall was extensive, and did much damage to railroads. A heavy landslide occurred at Oakland, and, as it was being cleared away, a still heavier one came down, blocking both tracks. The

At Layten Station an immense amount of mud, rocks and trees came down on the Baltimore and Ohio tracks. The rain there amounted almost to a cloudburst.

At Scottdale the storm was particularly destructive. Cellars along the principal streets were nearly filled with water, and goods in stores were saturated. The creek is rising steadily, and the safety of bridges between

A DELUGE AT OIL CITY.
A dispatch from Oil City, Pa., says: A heavy rain has fallen almost steadily since last midnight, raising the water in the river and creek to the highest point since 1883. On account of washouts, there is no communication with Buffalo or Warren. Ground floors in the lower portion of the town are flooded.
At Wheeling, W. Va., two and one-

half inches of rain fell in twenty minutes, deluging the streets and flooding a number of business houses. There are apprehensions of a big rise in the river.

In Pittsburgh the heavy rain is likely to swell the rivers to flood proportions.

A special from Erie, Pa., says: Long continued rains have caused a great deal of trouble on the railroads in this section of the State, and today there were many washouts. A west-bound

freight on the Nickel Plate went through a bridge, near Crayton. Three trainmen were severely injured. Twenty-five cars went down into the flood.

LIKE A CLOUDBURST.

CLEVELAND (O.), May 23.—A rain storm, much in the nature of a cloudburst, swept over Northwestern Pennsylvania this morning, doing great damage. At Corry the street were converted into rivers in some places two feet deep, tearing up sew-

At Meadville lightning struck several
the
eral buildings, although none were

severely damaged. Several streets were flooded, and extensive damage resulted in the lower portion of the city from the rapid rising of French Creek. Three bridges, the slaughterhouse, and numerous small buildings and sidewalks were swept away. Reports from all directions indicate the damage in this vicinity is very heavy. Railroads also suffered from washouts.

Died from a Tarantula's Bite.
PLACERVILLE, May 23.—A little girl, 3 years old, the child of Mr. and Mrs. Langdon, was bitten by a tarantula last Monday evening. During the night the child complained of pain and chills, and vomited considerably. A physician was summoned the next morning, but was too late to save the

Murder and Suicide.
HAMILTON (O.), May 23.—Patrick Molloy shot and killed his son George (aged 25), then shot himself dead today. They had been quarreling over insurance money.

THE LAW.

The Weyse-Weyse Tangle
More Entangled.

CHARGES AGAINST AN ATTORNEY

Mr. Dooner Retires from the Case
—Curlew, the Amateur Foot-
—pad, Convicted—To
Annul a Deed.

The case of Weyse vs. Weyse now on trial before Judge Van Dyke, was enlivened yesterday by the presentation of affidavits concerning P. W. Dooner, Esq., of counsel in the case for Mrs. Louise Weyse, one of the defendants. The first affidavit was presented on behalf of O. G. Weyse, and was followed by a counter affidavit yesterday and a reply affidavit in the afternoon.

The affidavit of O. G. Weyse sets forth that P. W. Dooner, Esq., is leading counsel for the defendant, Louise Weyse; that for a long time prior to the commencement of the present action, from 1881 to 1888, he was the attorney and confidential adviser of the affiant, who believed him to be an upright attorney and honorable gentleman. During that time he followed the advice of Mr. Dooner, and confided not only his business but private affairs to him. He alleges that his affairs became involved in the beginning of 1888, and acting under Dooner's advice he made an assignment for the benefit of his creditors. He was afterward advised by Mr. Dooner to go to France and explain matters to his wife, in order to avoid an impending rupture in his conjugal relations. He went, but on arriving alleges that he found that Mr. Dooner had given contrary advice by telegraph to the affiant's wife, advising her to return to Los Angeles immediately in order to prevent a meeting, and had instituted divorce proceedings on behalf of his wife before his return, and before he could meet his wife. He alleges that Mr. Dooner was at all times while acting as his attorney, secretly advising both his wife and his brother, intending thereby to provoke discord and encourage litigation between them in order that he might realize profit.

He further charges that in 1887 R. G. Weyse began suit against the affiant, which involved practically the same questions as in the present suit, and that his trusty Mr. Dooner confided to him all the facts upon which he based his defense. By reason of his position, Mr. Dooner, it is alleged, has been to a great extent the author of the present involved condition of affairs, and is in a position to do the affiant irreparable injury.

The motive of Mr. Dooner is alleged to be, further, a financial one. The affiant refers to the business conducted by him, Naud's warehouse, and states that a rival warehouse has been organized in the city, known as the California Warehouse Company, in which Mr. Dooner is interested, and the affiant believes that his conduct has been controlled by this, thus making him wholly unfit to appear in this action. The affiant therefore asks that he be prevented from appearing as an attorney for Louise Weyse.

Mr. Dooner's affidavit, at some length, denied that he had advised O. G. Weyse about his private affairs, and stated that he had at all times regarded his relations as attorney and client, and lived up to his duties as an attorney.

The reply affidavit still insisted that the attorney should not act in the case. Nothing was said about it until the close of the day's proceedings, when Judge Van Dyke broached it. He said that, while he did not propose to go into the history of the relations of Mr. Dooner and Mr. Weyse, he thought that, for the sake of keeping free from unpleasantness, it would be better for Mr. Dooner to refrain from participating in the case.

Mr. Dooner addressed the Court and said that he had demanded before the Court brought up the subject to take that course, and would do so.

The trial during the day was a repetition of the first day. Rudolph G. Weyse was on the stand in the afternoon, and the affairs of the Weyse brothers with E. Naud, deceased, and his widow afterward, were gone into at great length. The case will probably last, as Mr. Chapman, one of the counsel, stated, a week or two. Judge Van Dyke, who was to have gone to San Bernardino today to try a case there, was obliged to send a telegram that he could not come. The trial will be resumed this morning.

CURLEW CONVICTED.
Arguments were made yesterday morning in the case of Charles Curlew, on trial before Judge Cheney upon a charge of assaulting Mr. Nelms near Florence last month with intent to rob him. Arguments by the defense were made by Mr. Orfila and Mr. Glower, and were devoted to the vain attempt of trying to reconcile the facts with the theory of the defense. The transparent story told by Curlew, that he went with Tom Long the night of the crime because he knew he was a desperate character, and wished to keep track of him so that the courts could inform the authorities if he committed any crime was a corker for the young attorneys to gloss over. They struggled valiantly to make white appear black, and give their client the benefit of a reasonable doubt, but the facts were too much for them.

Mr. Hardesty made a brief argument, reviewing the testimony cursorily, but putting the contradictions of the defendant's story so clearly that it was a foregone conclusion that the jury would not long deliberate. They were out twenty minutes and returned a verdict of guilty as charged. Monday was fixed for the sentence of the defendant.

NOTES.

The trial of Kate Bouton, charged with larceny, was set for yesterday before Justice Savage. A jury being demanded, eight were obtained and a special panel ordered for this morning, to which time the case was continued. Cardelaria Tapia de Alvarado, insane, by guardian, Ralph Plummer, began suit yesterday against Jesus Romero et al., to have a deed declared null and void, alleging fraud in its procurement. The complaint alleges that the plaintiff was adjudged insane, March 15, 1890, in the Superior Court of the county, and Ralph Plummer was appointed her guardian. In March, 1875, the plaintiff executed a deed to Jesus Romero, for certain lots in the city, but that at the time she was insane, and the deed was procured by undue influence and threats of force and violence, and there was no consideration; that the plaintiff was a married woman at the time, the wife of Miguel Alvarado, but acknowledged the deed as a single woman.

Edith L. Smith filed a petition for

appointment as guardian of George E. Smith and Bertha A. Smith.
H. W. Moore began suit against F. H. Barclay, J. S. Chapman, J. W. Hendrick, J. T. Moreland and H. J. Hunt, upon a promissory note for \$1000, given by F. H. Barclay to H. W. Moore, giving a mortgage as security.

S. HUNGER.

A Rather Handy Man With a Beer Glass.

S. Hunger was evidently thirsting for a fight when he visited Pfirman's saloon yesterday. He owed a bar-bill, and offered to pay it, yet disputed over the matter. Finally he threw a glass at the saloon man, who expertly dodged it, and shied a beer bottle at Hunger with telling effect, cutting him on the left side of the forehead. Pfirman was arrested and taken before Justice Lockwood, and his bail was fixed at \$500, being charged with assault with a deadly weapon. Hunger was charged with battery, and his wounds were dressed at the City Prison.

EAST SIDE.

A BIG BUDGET FROM OVER THE RIVER.

A Butcher Nearly Impaled on His Own Hook—A Grand Dictator on Deck—Personal Notes.

Wilson's Peak is the objective point for a large party who anticipate making the ascent today. They will carry their lunch and blankets and will stay over night.

Henry Gibbs had quite an adventure yesterday. When driving over the track of the Southern Pacific near the viaduct his wagon wheel caught in the frog of the track throwing him about twenty feet, bruising him badly and breaking his wagon and harness.

Ben Crawley, the butcher on Downey avenue, came very near being hung upon a beef hook attached to his wagon yesterday morning. He stepped into his wagon to put in some beef when his foot slipped and he fell against a hook that was screwed to the box, the point of the hook striking him just under the shoulder-blade. Had not the screws that held the hook given way he would have been hung to the side of his wagon. As it was he received only a flesh wound, which, it is hoped, is not serious.

The Nationalist meeting last evening at Campbell Hall, was well attended. A fire-plug at Pritchard street is very much needed. The building on Downey avenue, near Alta, that was burned could have been saved without much trouble had there been water within reach.

Mr. McEvers left for Illinois yesterday.

Angel City Lodge, K. of H., had a very interesting meeting, Thursday evening. The different lodges united to welcome Grand Dictator Southard, who was booked to lecture for the good of the order. After the preliminary routine of business had been gone through the grand officers were introduced and welcomed, and a pleasant address was delivered by the Supreme Dictator. After refreshments the secret work was gone through, and the visiting members took the cars for their homes, seemingly well pleased with their visit to Angel City lodge.

W. W. Tolly and family are expecting to leave for their old home in Iowa in a few days after a stay of six months in Los Angeles. Mr. Tolly leaves thinking that the time is not far distant when Los Angeles will be booming more than ever before.

The congregational social, Mr. Bradford's was well attended last evening. The Methodist Sunday-school picnic at Devil's Gate today promises to be one of the finest of the season. Pure air and water from the side of the mountain, scenery and a cheap ride will be attractive features.

The Chamber of Commerce is presumed to meet this evening.

THE EXHIBIT.

A Rather Pleasant Place to Sojourn.

The Chamber of Commerce is becoming quite a place for people to spend their afternoons. Seats are so arranged in the gallery that visitors can look down on the display, and as the hall is always cool and pleasant many ladies who come some distance to do their shopping go up there to take a rest before starting for home. The usual number of visitors were in the hall yesterday.

The following donations were made yesterday: J. G. Collins of San Diego county, new apricots and figs; M. W. Sinnott of Monte Vista, samples of the first sweet corn of the season; Percy Knott of Pasadena, plums; flowers; C. H. Schram, Mrs. Smith, Mrs. Cowell and Master Grains.

The chamber shipped the following articles to "California on Wheels" yesterday: One box vegetables, donated by C. M. Cobb; one large pumpkin, donated by C. Epps and one box of oranges and lemons.

The Sunday Campaign.

Rev. Wilbur F. Crafts will close his month's work in Los Angeles tomorrow, speaking in the morning for Dr. Kennard on "The Civil Sabbath from a Humanitarian Standpoint," and in the evening for Dr. Russell on "Liberty and Revenue the Watchwords of the Liquordealers." He goes from here to Pasadena for Tuesday evening and to the Santa Ana County Convention for Wednesday and Thursday—then to Yosemite for rest.

A DOCTOR'S REBUKE.

Immensely More Mischief than is Generally Suspected.

Dr. King, the eminent medical writer, in a learned dissertation on our national complaint, constipation, says:—

The great quantity of cathartic pills, etc., which are annually swallowed by the people in this country has been productive of immensely more mischief than is generally suspected. True, the physic unloads the bowels, but in so doing it acts to diminish the tone of the intestines; so that, instead of removing the contents, it aggravates it, leaving the bowels in a more torpid condition.

Joy's Vegetable Sarsaparilla was designed to all just such a contingency as the doctor's argument anticipates, viz: instead of being a powerful mineral purgative, it is a mild vegetable laxative, that, owing to its solvent and gentle stimulating properties, is so certain a relief in constipation that it has been given away to hundreds, not to be paid for unless it was of positive benefit. It replaces constipation almost immediately with a natural easy habit, and is so mild that, unlike drastic purgatives, it can be taken indefinitely with perfect freedom and safety.

Dissolution Sale.

Attend the dissolution sale of boots and shoes today at MEYER LEWIS, 301 North Spring street.

AT WHITE HEAT.

The Situation in Chinatown
Still Threatening.

FACTIONS READY FOR A FRAY

A Fresh Importation of Arms and Coats of Mail—The Theater Again Closed—Fears of a Riot.

Affairs in Chinatown still assume a threatening aspect. A consignment of weapons and coats of mail have been received from San Diego for the use of the highlanders. A secret meeting of these gentry was held night before last in Sonoratown to discuss a plan of action. No definite conclusion was reached, and nothing will probably be done until the fate of Toy Sing is decided. This Chinaman seems to be the leader of the fraternity, and much anxiety is felt as to whether he will go to San Quentin or escape with a fine. Toy Sing has given the authorities considerable trouble before, but this is the first time he has been convicted. Down at the end of Marchessault alley in a two-story building, a band of about ten highlanders are quartered. The rest are stowed away in Sonoratown. The Chinese merchants are uneasy, and have employed two special watchmen to guard certain parts of Chinatown. The Chinese Theater is closed again, and watchmen are guarding the old Chinese theater building, fearing that an attempt will be made to burn it down. The highlanders seem to have it all their own way at present, and are prepared to give the authorities considerable trouble unless prompt measures are taken to suppress them. Quite a number have arrived from Santa Barbara and San Diego, and more are expected before Monday.

A good idea would be for the police to raid the building on Marchessault alley and search the Chinese for concealed weapons, and then the courts could imitate San Francisco and fine them heavily, so that the highlanders would find this city too expensive in which to ply their vocation.

DRY GOODS CLERKS

Want a Half Holiday on Saturday.

A number of dry goods clerks have decided to ask their employers to close their establishments at 1 p.m. on Saturdays. A petition is now being circulated, and they are meeting with good success. The scheme is to close from the 1st of next month to the 1st of September, so that the employees will have a chance to go to the seashore or some other place and rest until Monday morning, when they will come back refreshed and in a condition to perform their week's work to the satisfaction of themselves and their employers. This system is successfully worked in all eastern cities of any importance, and there is no reason why it should not become popular in Los Angeles.

A GRASS FIRE

That Caused the Burning of the Newhall Schoolhouse.

Quite an excitement was caused at Newhall yesterday by the burning of the public-school building of that place. Some parties were burning grass around the building, and through carelessness they allowed the fire to reach the building. The whole neighborhood turned out and fought the fire to the last, but they could do nothing after they had taken the furniture out of the house. It was a frame building, and was valued at about three thousand dollars. There is a large number of school children in Newhall, and it will be necessary to put up another building as soon as possible.



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The Times

BY THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.

H. G. OTIS,
 President and General Manager.
 W. A. SPALDING, A. McFARLAND,
 Vice-President, Treasurer.
 MARIAN OTIS, Secretary.

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THIS course of semi-tropic weather is good enough for us.

"How Los Angeles has improved!" is the remark of people who come back to us after two or three years' absence.

TEMPLE street will be an attractive street when its paving is complete. The only pity is that it is not wider.

The Supreme Court has decided against Kemmer's application, and he will have to die by electricity.

CANADA is ambitious of building a railroad from Vancouver to Alaska. We may soon be able to ride from Patagonia to Bering Straits without change of cars.

EVEN that stronghold of England, the British hog industry, is threatened by foreign competition. The London Times deplores the fact that California and German hogs are driving out the native product.

KISSES forcibly bestowed upon ladies belonging to the family of an attaché of the Russian embassy in Constantinople may lead to trouble between the countries. An unsolicited kiss is quite enough to rupture whatever there is of entente between Russia and Turkey.

REFERRING to Congressman Morrow's gubernatorial aspirations, a dispatch from Chicago says: "Congressman Morrow is just leaving Washington, and is not prepared to talk. He promises to give an interview in a few days."

WHAT appears to be a needless and unprofitable conflict, involving the organization, discipline and prosperity of the public schools of Pasadena, is believed to be impending. An article on the subject is printed on the seventh page of today's TIMES.

THE San Francisco Examiner has purchased a lot, fronting 126 feet on Market street, at the corner of Third, now occupied by the Nucleus building, upon which it will erect a 12-story building. The price paid is said to be \$650,000, equivalent to \$4365 a front foot. The lot is only 100 feet deep.

DOCTORS are the most conservative of people. They don't—that is, the orthodox high-toned sort—believe in advertising; they don't believe in novelties of any sort, unless embraced in the orthodox list of orthodox materia medica. At the annual meeting of homeopaths in San Francisco, last week, a doctor read a paper in which he asserted that he had cured a case of paralysis in the lower limbs of a child by the use of electricity. This was deemed as impossible by the other doctors, whereupon the author of the paper asserted that his confères ignored the value of electricity as a remedy. In spite of quack pads and belts, there is no doubt that electricity, which plays so great a part in the economy of the universe, may be looked to as a help in many forms of disease. These doctors who so flippantly condemn the efficacy of Nature's greatest force are not in tune with the spirit of the age.

A PRACTICAL Kansas farmer—C. Wood Davis—has an article in the latest issue of the Forum, in which he endeavors to tell when the American farmer will be prosperous. He shows that our farmers are now raising in excess of the demands of our population, corn for 5,500,000 people, wheat for 14,000,000, cattle for 6,000,000, and swine for 11,000,000. During the last five years population has increased 13.7 per cent.; the area in corn 12.3, the number of cattle 20, with a decrease of 3.4 in the wheat area. But Mr. Davis presents figures showing that corn-growing is approaching its limit, and that a contraction is not improbable. The area in wheat has, since 1854, been steadily diminishing, and Mr. Davis argues that exportation must grow less and less until domestic consumption absorbs our entire product. In cattle, Mr. Davis cites statistics showing that, practically, the only increase since 1855, other than such as are kept for dairy purposes, has been in the range regions, on the free land of the public domain. His conclusion is that "domestic consumption will absorb the entire product of cereals, potatoes and hay within five years from January, 1890."

THAT FILIBUSTERING SCHEME—WHO ARE RESPONSIBLE?

The proposed filibustering expedition into Lower California continues to attract much attention from the press of the State. The San Diego papers poke fun at the scheme while deploring the ill effect which such sensational movements are likely to have upon the reputation of that city—all except the Sun, whose editor—the "Governor-General"—can scarcely conceal his vexation. While referring to the affair as a "silly fad," Mr. Smith says that "no words of condemnation are spared the folly which, in case of any real attempt of taking the Peninsula, tried to frustrate it."

While the ridiculous side of this affair is the more prominent, there is a serious side to it, which should not go unnoticed. This is not the first, or the second, of a series of attempts which have been made, either verbally or on paper, to involve the State of California—and through it the United States—in trouble with an adjacent territory of a friendly republic. It is only a few weeks since explanations passed between Secretary Blaine and the Mexican Minister at Washington upon this very subject. Almost simultaneously Gov. Waterman had, to use a colloquial phrase, "shot off his mouth" regarding the annexation of Lower California, and Congressman Vandever had introduced a bill in the House with that object in view. It is not surprising that a high-minded and patriotic people like the Mexicans—a people who feel all the more touchy on account of their weakness as compared with the strength of this country—should believe that these almost simultaneous utterances on the part of high State officials were more than a mere coincidence—that some deep-laid plan was on foot to forcibly dismember their territory.

This belief will certainly gain strength on account of the latest San Diego scheme. That movement will be connected with the utterances of Gov. Waterman and the activity in the same direction of Congressman Vandever—and not altogether without reason. Congressman Vandever a few weeks ago wrote a letter to B. A. Stephens ("Secretary General") of the Informant (whose proprietor was to be "War General") in which occurred the following passage:

Propositions are now pending before our Congress for the organization of a joint commission to consider these and all other questions, and if Mexico refuses to treat for their settlement upon honorable terms, it is not at all improbable that a resort to other remedies will be forced upon us."

At the same time the Informant, while admitting Gen. Vandever's shortcomings as a Representative from this district, booms him for another term in Congress.

Now, putting two and two together, it is unreasonable to suppose that Messrs. Vandever and Waterman, if not cognizant of the general plan for the invasion of Lower California, at least unconsciously gave the cue for the scheme, by their ill-considered encouragement of the idea of annexation? Such wild talk should be severely frowned down. This country is at peace with Mexico. We are anxious to increase our trade with our neighboring republic. We cannot afford to allow a few speculators to involve us in a dispute which could only end in bloodshed, and from the bitter feeling consequent upon which it would need many years to free us. It is a matter for deep surprise that persons whom the State has honored with high position should be found indulging such criminal folly. In doing so they misrepresent the will of their constituents.

THE PRESIDENT AND SILVER.

In connection with reports regarding the President's attitude toward silver legislation, the following extract from a Washington dispatch to the Boston Journal is interesting:

The silver bill which will be proposed and undoubtedly pass will probably be much broader in its terms than some of the more conservative western men approve. There are some Senators who think the President would sign any bill that may be sent to him upon the subject of silver, irrespective of the previous expressed opinion on that subject. This opinion is especially entertained by certain western Senators and Representatives, who have had numerous consultations with the President since the agitation of the silver question began. It is very evident that the President would not care to be out of line with the majority of his party in the House upon such an important question. It perhaps is worthy of notice also that it is western Senators who are of the opinion that the President would approve any measure which the two Houses sent to him. Senator Jones of Nevada has recently expressed the opinion that to pass a bill which the President would veto would be worse than not to have any legislation. No one, however, can definitely trace to the President any expression of opinion upon the subject. Mr. Harrison does not commit himself upon any question relative to legislation any more than he does in the matter of appointments.

WICHITA AND LOS ANGELES.

Wichita, Kan., a city which enjoyed a phenomenal real-estate boom at about the same time that things were "bumming" in Los Angeles, is undergoing a similar experience to this city, in regard to the fate of paper cities, laid out in advance of population, only more so. A commercial traveler has been telling the Cincinnati Times-Star about the state of affairs in that ex-boom center. He said in a business way it was duller than the dullest. It was estimated that fully two thousand houses were lacking occupants in the place. The stagnation of business and growth generally was partly owing to the overgrowth a few years ago, consequent upon the remarkable boom that beset the place and partly to the sharp competition of newer neighboring towns. As indicating the extravagant notions of the early boomers, the drummer mentioned that a syndicate purchased for \$40,000 a farm of about one hundred acres, all of ten miles from the center of the city, with the purpose of soon converting the fertile acres into the site of an aristocratic and high-priced suburb. One-half of the stipulated price was paid at the time of the transfer, and the other half recently became due. The syndicate offered the original owner his land back instead of the remaining \$20,000, and he promptly rejected the

proposition. As a means of rapid transit to and from the syndicate's purchase a dummy-engine street railway line was constructed during the boom, but this line has disappeared. The story is that one wing of the corporation that built it stole the track and engine one night and ran off with them.

There is, however, a vast difference between the two cases of Wichita and Los Angeles. Here we have resources of climate and soil which have helped us to tide over the reaction from over-speculation, and which will, within a few years, place us again upon the apex of prosperity. We went ahead a little too fast, but we had something solid to go on.

The San Francisco Report is still pushing the question of a competing transcontinental railroad. The merchants of that city appear to be somewhat averse to expressing themselves on the subject. Many schemes of this character have previously been floated, and have fallen through, for which reason business men do not care to identify themselves prematurely with an opposition to the existing company, upon which they at present so largely depend.

The indications now are that in a very few years the island of Iceland will be entirely depopulated. Her emigration has been constantly increasing, and it is estimated that at least twenty thousand people, or one-third of the population, will leave this year.

The California Nationalist is now published on the cooperative plan, by F. P. Cook, Mrs. Mary E. Benson, T. Taylor and N. V. Lewis. The Nationalist suggests that farmers combine and build their own market-house.

HON. STEPHEN M. WHITE has announced, in a dispatch to the Democratic County Convention in Fresno, that he is a candidate for the United States Senatorship.

It is to be hoped that the war against the Sunday saloon will be successful. It is the battle between order and disorder, morality and crime.

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.—Another overflowing house witnessed the repetition of *Shenandoah* last night. The final performances will be given at the matinee and evening of today.

AMONG THE POLITICIANS.

So far as can be judged this early in the season, Col. Markham will have a walk-over for the Republican nomination for Governor. He is a sensible, practical man, who would bring to the position the instincts of a man of business and the dignity of a true gentleman.—[Ontario Record.]

The Republicans can clean the Democrats out this year even more completely than they did in the Presidential campaign, but they will have to rise early, go to bed late and work with energy between getting up and lying down to do it.—[San Francisco Post.]

The new president (Mr. Huntington) has had private interviews with a number of his subordinates in the past three weeks, ranging from general officer to foreman in the Oakland and Sacramento shops. He summoned the Sacramento men down by telegraph; also an official from Los Angeles. To one and all of them he gave instructions that they would be discharged the minute he heard of them trying in any way to influence the votes of the men under them.—[San Francisco Examiner.]

THE MONROVIA CASE.

W. N. Monroe's Idea of a Little Transaction.

The hearing in the land-contest case in the United States land office of Dumbell vs. Mueller et al. was on again yesterday, and additional testimony was taken. A paragraph of the letter from W. N. Monroe to Mr. Dumbell, written from Santiago, Chili, February 4, 1890, with reference to the matter in controversy, reads as follows: "I note what you say about Studebaker. I know all about the Mueller matter. Studebaker bought the land before Mueller owned it. Mueller could be hauled up for it, Studebaker also, but to save Mr. Case I will not make a sworn statement unless I have to in self-defense."

The hearing will last some time yet, and the mass of testimony, documentary and otherwise, will be quite large.

A Justice Who Ran Away.

An accusation of neglect of office was presented in Judge Cheney's court yesterday by Constable William Benton of Puente against C. R. Ray, Justice of the Peace of Ryland township. He charges Ray with having stolen over one hundred dollars of the fines collected by him and run away. Since April 22d nothing has been heard of Ray, and the funds are missing. The charges enter into details not of much interest. Judge Cheney transferred the matter to Department No. 6 for a hearing.

Commissioner for Arizona.

Theodore D. Reymert has been appointed by Gov. Wolfley commissioner of deeds for Arizona, to reside in Los Angeles.

Rockefeller's Gift.

CHICAGO, May 23.—About a year ago, John D. Rockefeller of Cleveland offered to give \$800,000 toward a new university project by the Baptists of Chicago, provided the latter would raise \$400,000, necessary to complete the endowment of \$1,200,000. He named June 1st as the date by which the total sum must be subscribed. Rev. Dr. Goodspeed announced today that the task had been completed. Marshall Field of Chicago has given the university a tract of ten acres of ground on the South Side, and ten acres adjoining will be purchased.

Train Nearing Tacoma.

LAGRANGE (Or.), May 23.—The train bearing George Francis Train and party passed here at 6 o'clock this evening. It will reach Tacoma shortly after noon tomorrow.

Death Warrant Signed.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 23.—The death warrant of Charles Clark, the murderer of Capt. Duncan Logan, was delivered to the Sheriff today. The execution will occur July 11th.

RELIGIOUS BODIES.

Presbyterians Discussing the Revision Question.

Vigorous Protests Against Changes in Essential Matters.

Baptists Preparing a New Crusade in Missionary Fields.

Southern Methodists Decide to Establish a Paper on the Pacific Coast, and Put Up Money for It.

By Telegraph to The Times.

SARATOGA, May 23.—[By the Associated Press.] In the Presbyterian General Assembly this morning the amended report of the committee on revision came up.

Rev. Dr. Patton, the chairman, spoke at some length. He said he was in the minority, but bowed to the will of the majority of the presbyteries, which desired a change in creed. He therefore advocated that it be formulated by a committee for submission to the presbyteries. "We of the minority," he said, "must not stand against a great right, but must define the functions of the committee. We must have no change that will affect the Calvinistic character of our standards. [Applause.]

He offered as an amendment to Dr. McCracken's plan (of providing for a committee of revision containing not less than fifteen, of whom not more than two shall be appointed by any one synod, to report to the next assembly alterations to be sent down to the presbyteries) that said committee be restrained from proposing changes such as will alter the Calvinistic character of the standards, and shall propose only such as will remove popular misapprehension.

Day of New York read an amendment to both McCracken's and Patton's plan, which provides for a committee of revision of fifteen ministers and six elders, the moderator of this assembly to appoint one member of this committee from each synod to act with the moderator as a committee of nomination of the committee of revision, said committee to meet no later than October 31st, and report to the next General Assembly.

Rev. Dr. Van Dyke of Brooklyn opposed restricting the committee as to changes. Three propositions were discussed at very great length by Drs. Vandeyke of Brooklyn, Morris of the Lane Theological Seminary, Howard Crosby of New York, Robert M. Patterson of Chester, Agnew of Philadelphia, and others. Dr. Patterson, in his address, said he would never vote, if there were no other object, to confess that for two hundred and fifty years the church has slandered the Pope in calling him anti-Christ. He argued that only a minority of the ministry and elders had voted for revision.

Dr. Craig of the presbytery of Iowa said he had been an anti-revisionist, but it seems we cannot stay where we are, and although I see many difficulties, they are not impossibilities. Therefore, I will vote that the experiment be made, but we must be careful.

Finally, the three proposals were referred to a committee, consisting of Drs. Patton, McCracken, Erskine and Kempshall, and Elders Day, Graham and Torrey, to report to the assembly tomorrow.

THE BAPTISTS.

Report of a Year's Work in Foreign Missions.

CHICAGO, May 23.—[By the Associated Press.] The American Baptist Ministry Union met in annual session this morning and transacted routine business.

Dr. Northrup, in an address this afternoon, presented the obstacles and encouragements to foreign missionary work and closed by stating that the Baptists, through the efforts of William Carey and companions in England, had once roused the world on the subject of foreign missions, and now he called upon the Baptists to rouse the world again by sending two hundred men at once into foreign missionary work.

The annual report of the executive committee showed a very successful year's work. The total income was \$550,527, more than paying the expenses and reducing last year's debt to \$7942. The increase in missions during the year was 52 missionaries, 45 churches and 3890 members.

Many interesting addresses were made. Rev. Dr. Northrup was re-elected president.

SOUTHERN METHODISTS.

They Will Have a Church Paper on the Pacific Coast.

ST. LOUIS, May 23.—[By the Associated Press.] In the general conference of the Methodist Church, this morning, the committee reported, recommending that the board of church extension establish a system of mutual insurance for churches. A long debate followed.

The committee on publishing interests reported favorably on the proposition to establish a paper on the Pacific Coast. The report was adopted after debate. All California delegates favor it. An editor is to be elected by the general conference, and \$10,000 is appropriated to carry the paper along during the next quadrennium.

World's Fair Projects.

CHICAGO, May 23.—The board of directors of the World's Fair has adopted a resolution requesting that Gov. Fifer call a special session of the Legislature prior to July 1st to consider the submitting to the popular vote at the coming November election a proposition to amend the State constitution, so as to authorize Chicago to issue not exceeding five million dollars in bonds in aid of the World's Fair. Legislation appropriating money for use of the State exhibit and the authorizing of any Chicago parks as a site are also mentioned.

Suffocated in a Vault.

BENICIA, May 23.—William Hamilton, member of the ordinance department, was accidentally suffocated this morning in a vault while preparing gas from gasoline. He owned a ranch near Calistoga, and was well off.

THE CHARLESTON.

Why the Cruiser Was Sent to Honolulu.

VALLEJO, May 23.—[By the Associated Press.] Previous to the departure of the Charleston the Vallejo Chronicle says the vessel was expected to go to South America, but sealed orders will take her instead to Honolulu. A naval officer in position to know is authority for the statement that probable trouble on the convening of the Legislature, when the new members of both houses take their seats and new officers are to be selected, is the reason; and it is understood that the vessel goes at the request of the Hawaiian Minister.

It is moreover rumored that the officers have instructions to put her at her fastest speed and try to beat all previous records between San Francisco and Honolulu. This rumor is not to be credited, as to do this would exhaust the coal bunkers. Another rumor has it that the vessel is to return in six weeks to assist in the trial trip of the San Francisco.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—Mr. Carter, the Hawaiian Minister, denies emphatically the truth of the report telegraphed from Mare Island to the effect that he had requested that the cruiser Charleston be sent to Honolulu to prevent possible trouble on the assembling of the Hawaiian Legislature.

AFFAIRS ABROAD.

OSCULATIONS THAT MAY END IN BLOODSHED.

The English Government Reticent on the Bering Sea Question—An Italian Officer Arrested for Treason, Etc.

By Telegraph to The Times.

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 23.—[By Cable and Associated Press.] It is ascertained that the ladies belonging to the Russian embassy who were assaulted while walking at Buyukdere were the wife and daughter of the chief dragoman of the embassy. The offenders were Turkish officers and five students. The ladies were walking in a garden, when they were seized by the officers and students, who forcibly kissed them.

A party of sailors belonging to the Russian dispatch boat happened to be in the garden. They captured four of the assailants, and conveyed the prisoners to the Russian embassy. The Turkish authorities asked that the prisoners be turned over to them for trial. The Russian Ambassador refused, on the ground that Turkish justice is illusory. The affair has created much comment, and it is feared will result in complications between Russia and Turkey.

IN THE COMMONS.

LONDON, May 23.—In the Commons tonight in answer to questions the government stated that it did not consider itself empowered to ratify the sugar convention without the sanction of Parliament.

The government declined to make any statement as to whether orders had been given to protect English seal fisheries in Bering Sea. The correspondence with America is still pending.

The government is aiding the starving people of the Sudan. Two thousand people are being fed daily.

BETRAYED HIS TRUST.

ROME, May 23.—A military engineer of Genoa, named Mutacoli, was arrested today for supplying an attaché of the German consulate with plans of the forts at Genoa. The attaché fled to Switzerland.

TITLES FOR ALBERT VICTOR.

LONDON, May 23.—The Queen created Prince Albert Victor, eldest son of the Prince of Wales, Duke of Clarence and Avondale and Earl of Athlone.

A ROYAL BABY.

COPENHAGEN, May 23.—Princess Louise, wife of Crown Prince Frederick, has given birth to a daughter.

A NEEDED RAILWAY.

Proposed Action to Secure a Coast Line.

SANTA BARBARA, May 23.—[By the Associated Press.] At a meeting of citizens today Hon. Edward Cooper was commissioned to communicate with the proper parties in Los Angeles, Ventura, San Luis Obispo, Monterey, Santa Clara, Santa Cruz, San Mateo, Alameda and San Francisco counties, for the appointment of five persons from each, to meet at San José June 25th, with a committee from Santa Barbara county, to constitute a convention to mature some plan for the speedy completion of a coast line of railway from Los Angeles to San Francisco.

The following delegates from Santa Barbara were selected: Hon. Elwood Cooper, Hon. C. B. Dibblee, J. J. Perkins, Edward Iverson and M. J. Nichols.

Confirmations.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—The Senate today confirmed the following: Registers of the Land Office: Joseph Tracy, at Humboldt, Cal.; John F. Sheehan, at San Francisco. Receivers of public moneys: Alfred D. Campbell at Miles City, Mont.; Jay R. Sanborn at Cour d'Alene, Idaho; William H. Davis at San Francisco.

Also, the supervisor of census of the First California District.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

The Tariff Bill was received in the Senate yesterday and referred to the Committee on Finance.

It is reported that Cedar Keys, Fla. is still controlled by the Cottrell influence. The situation is critical.

The trial of John F. Naughton for the murder of Marcus M. Herr, ended in a verdict of acquittal at San Francisco yesterday.

F. H. W. Schmidt committed suicide last night by drowning himself in the Willamette River near Salem, Or. His home was in Los Angeles.

Mr. McCree of Kentucky yesterday introduced a bill in the House to provide for the survey of an inter-continental railway to connect North and South America.

The northern counties of Kentucky and the southern portion of West Virginia were swept last night by a terrific wind, thunder and rain storm. Great damage was done at many points.

The President having received information that cattlemen are invading the Cherokee strip in violation of his proclamation, he has instructed Gen. Merritt to rigidly enforce the provisions of the proclamation. It is stated that a party of capitalists, including P. D. Armour of Chicago, Jacob H. Campbell of Miles City, Mont., J. C. Stubbins and J. C. Stubbs, have obtained nearly two thousand acres of land at Hunter's Point, on the southern extremity of San Francisco, on which they will establish large "pork-packing" and beef-canning plant.

A DAY IN CONGRESS.

Stanford Explains His Plan for Farmers' Loans.

Uncle Sam to Lend Agriculturists Money at 2 Per Cent.

Senator Call Wants the Cedar Keys (Fla.) Affair Investigated.

The Question of Appropriating Half a Million for the Hennepin Canal Comes Before the House.

By Telegraph to The Times.

WASHINGTON (D. C.), May 23.—By the Associated Press.] Senate.—Consideration of the Naval Appropriation Bill was resumed and continued until 2 o'clock, when the Silver Bill was taken up, but in a few minutes it was laid aside to allow Mr. Stanford to address the Senate on his bill providing for loans by the Government on agricultural lands.

"We can all well understand," he said, "the great advantages to the people at this time of loans made to national banks by the Government of 90 per cent. upon its own securities. One hundred thousand dollars of Government bonds at 4 per cent. only produces \$4000. When its value becomes energized to the extent of 90 per cent. (which the Government advances) its power is so increased that its activity may in the course of a year double its value and pass from hand to hand many times, stimulating the various industries of the country. So, too, this bill will have a corresponding energizing effect. The money issued under it is not intended to accommodate farmers alone, but as it comes into circulation it will put means of prosperity within the reach of those who are engaged in smaller and larger industries of the country. This money issued by the Government becomes automatic. It will contract when there is less use for it, and expand when there is greater demand. Thus disastrous contraction will cease to be possible." He argued that the rate of interest proposed, 2 per cent., is fixed for good reasons. No farmer will borrow unless he needs money, and when he ceases to have use for it he will return it. But this will seldom occur, for money borrowed of the Government at 2 per cent. can readily find use at higher rates in other interests, and thus the farmer will be benefited. Six per cent. interest is a burden that the farmer cannot well bear, while owing to the activities of business, the merchant finds it a reasonable rate to pay. The value of money lies in its activities. This plan of loaning money upon land at 2 per cent., with the privilege to the borrower of returning it when he has no use for it, will be a moneyed system that will meet financial expansion and contraction as they may occur without inconvenience to any. Under its provisions, the real estate of the country being so vast, there will always be a possibility of obtaining the money necessary to carry on enterprises of the country, and when there is no further use for the money, the borrower stops paying interest and takes up the mortgage upon his farm. In conclusion he said:

"The bill, while not perfect, provides fairly for the machinery to carry out the plan. If adopted, with such amendments as shall seem wise to Congress, it will largely increase the prosperity of the humblest classes in labor, and assist the wealthier to success in their enterprises. The bill provides for what may perhaps not improperly be termed a revolution in finance, and I do not expect it will be adopted until it has been fully considered by the people and met with their approval. I move that the bill be referred to the Committee on Finance."

The bill was ordered.

The Naval Bill went over. Mr. Call offered a resolution calling on the President for information as to the landing of an armed force from a revenue cutter at Cedar Keys, Fla., the forcible entry of houses and pursuit of citizens. On motion of Mr. Edmunds it was laid over.

After an executive session the Senate adjourned.

House.—Mr. Flower of New York introduced a bill subjecting oleomargarine to the provisions of laws of the several States. Referred.

On motion of Mr. Vandever of California, a resolution was adopted calling on the Secretary of War for information.

Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose.—Dr.

Slocum (late of Pittsburgh), No. 53 Broadway. Operations skillfully performed.

Auction of Live Stock.—Beeson & Reed, 120 North Broadway, Saturday, May 24th, at 10 a. m., six fine fresh milk cows, one work team and harness, three fine Roadsters for survey and family carriage, one lumber wagon, team and harness, surreys, two good Top-buggies, several good driving horses, two Also Wagons, Harness (both new and second-hand), also Plows, Cultivators, Buckeye Mower and Rake. BEN O. RHODES, Auctioneer.

Builders' Hardware.—Full stock at lowest prices; also, Garden-hose, Lawn-sprinklers, Pumps of all descriptions. A specialty in Pumps for destroying the scale-bug. Model Grand Range, Household Furnishing Goods, Refrigerators and Water-coolers, at W. C. FURREY'S, 59 and 61 North Spring street.

Removal.—Chapman &

THAT FILIBUSTER.

A Talk With the Governor-General Himself

LETS IN A GOOD DEAL OF LIGHT.

How the Exposure Was Hatched and
Hawked About Among the
San Diego Newspapers
—Capt. James.

Walter D. Smith, editor of the San Diego Sun and general-elect of the new filibuster government of Lower California, was in the city yesterday, and was waited upon in due form by a representative of THE TIMES. Mr. Smith seemed to have no reservations or concealments about the matter, but talked freely, and apparently with frankness.

"No government was formed, no officers were appointed and no titles were given," he said. "All of this talk about generals and generals is humbug, and originated with B. A. Stephens, who suggested such a scheme one evening. He stipulated at the same time that he should be the Blaine of the new government—the Secretary-General."

NO REPORTER was concealed at any place when these matters were talked over. The conference of last April, upon which it is claimed a reporter eaves-dropped, lying on his stomach under a bed, actually took place around a table in the large open bar-room of the Coronado Hotel. It was simply an impossibility that any reporter should have been within earshot without our knowledge."

Gov.-Gen. Smith makes no concealment of his part in the plot, if plot it may be called. He was and is in favor of annexation, and claims that he knew precisely what he was doing. He is familiar with laws proscribing conspiracies against foreign powers. He believes it feasible to capture Lower California with a small force, owing to the inefficient character of Mexican troops there stationed. The men of the army are largely convicts and have deserted to the American side of the line in large numbers. But while the capture is an easy matter, the holding of Lower California after it is captured becomes quite another thing.

"The great notion that has been made about this matter is

LARGELY HUMBUG, gotten up purely for sensation. The zeal shown by Collector Berry (a rival editor, by the way) and Maj. Gard, the new United States Marshal, in working up the matter and rushing off reports to Washington has been prompted by their excessive ambition to magnify in the eyes of their superiors their efficiency as United States officers. I am willing to make an affidavit presenting my side of the case to the United States court, and to the United States marshal, and to the treasury of B. A. Stephens, an impetuous Bohemian and member of the conference which had the revolutionary scheme under consideration. He says that the entire story was written up by Stephens, and by him and his associate, C. A. Harris (also a member of the government and self-styled Surveyor-General).

HAWKED ABOUT among the newspapers of San Diego for sale, in order that the aforesaid cabinet ministers might secure coin for the purchase of much-needed hash. Gov.-Gen. Smith says that the revelation, written by Stephens, substantially the same in all essential details as that published in the San Diego Union, Los Angeles Express and San Francisco Chronicle, was offered to the San Diego newspaper a week before it was published, and was declined by that paper because the editor believed it to be a fake. The grubbers then took the manuscript to the Union, and it was accepted and published, as known.

Gov.-Gen. Smith stoutly maintains that he has not "come in out of the wet," as he considers himself not amenable for the violation of any laws, human or divine.

NO OVERT ACT. Taking his own statement for it, the fact is very apparent that the Governor-General scrupulously avoided any overt act of conspiracy or piracy on land or sea, or even on the quiet waters of San Diego Bay, unless the capture of several long, low and rakish schooners of the Coronado, and that it may be thus construed. And if this be treason, make the most of it."

The Governor-General thought that his present trip to Los Angeles might be charged up to the revolutionary scheme, but it really has nothing to do with it. He came up to see Stephens, though he did not say whether it was for the purpose of refreshing his military tactics or not.

SPEAKING SERIOUSLY about the so-called exposure, Mr. Smith said he considered it an outrage on Fred Hall, whose name had been linked with the matter without his knowledge; that it might work a hardship on the Government officer, whose name is involved, that it is a discourtesy to Mr. Babcock of the Coronado, and that it may result in serious loss and hardship to the Americans who have investments in Lower California.

CAPT. JAMES. A Talk with the Sir Joseph Porter, K. C. B.

Capt. J. F. James, who was to take a leading hand in the plot, the duty assigned him being to capture the Mexican gunboat Democrita, is a peaceable citizen of Los Angeles just now, being the puissant editor of the double-headed publication known as "The San Pedro Shipping Gazette" and "The City Front Gazette." When Capt. James was seen by a TIMES reporter yesterday he claimed to be the oldest filibuster of them all. He said he had been devoting his attention to

A FILIBUSTERING SCHEME OF HIS OWN

for the past six months. That, on a recruiting mission, he visited Victoria, Vancouver's Island, Eureka, Humboldt and all the northern places. That he got almost one hundred and fifty men enrolled on his list and left Gray's Harbor on the steam schooner "Tillamook," for San Diego, about two months ago. After he had passed several days in San Diego, quietly talking up his scheme, he was approached by War General

Merrill, who told him of a similar filibustering expedition.

FORMING IN SAN DIEGO, and asked him to take a hand in it. Merrill introduced him to Governor General Smith, and then talked over matters of State. James gave his ultimatum that if the movement looked to annexation by the United States, he would have nothing to do with it, but if a simple revolution, and the formation of an independent republic was contemplated, then he was in it, heart and soul. He told them he must have \$100 in cash for each man enlisted, and \$1000 for general expenses, and he would guarantee to have a vessel in southern waters in a month, manned by 1000 soldiers.

Merrill said that would be all right, as \$500,000 had been subscribed for the cause.

"I saw then that they were trying to play me," said the doughty Captain, "and I had nothing more to do with it."

Merrill subsequently came up to Los Angeles, and had an interview with James at the Elmerich saloon, and James says that during that interview Merrill read to him the exposed word for word as it was subsequently printed.

REVOLUTION POSSIBLE.

Capt. James affects to believe that a revolution in Lower California is quite feasible, and that he will yet be able to accomplish it independent of the bogus filibusters of San Diego.

He says that the natives of Lower California are ground down by their Mexican leaders; that they have neither money nor arms, and are chafing over their helpless condition. He claims to have in his possession Lower California papers in which the Mexicans are referred to as "foreign invaders." In fact, all that Mexico does for the peninsula is to send over a horde of hungry office-holders, who suck the country dry and leave nothing to her.

The restive populace, he thinks, are ready for revolt, and will follow any leader in whom they have confidence. Capt. James thinks he is that man.

The following history of the former filibustering expedition is compiled from papers furnished by Capt. James:

A LITTLE FILIBUSTERING HISTORY. Since the sad ending of the famous Crabb filibustering expedition to Sonora in 1855, there have been numerous filibustering schemes planned against Mexico. It will be recalled that Crabb and his men were publicly shot there being only one survivor, a youth of tender years, whom the Mexicans spared from the cruel fate of the others.

Behind all of these filibustering or "colonization" schemes is the ruling passion—the thirst for gold and lands. There are four distinct classes who have a covetous eye on Lower California.

The first is composed of land-grabbers—alien, mainly. Their object is to acquire the best agricultural and mineral lands, together with the water courses and seaboard frontages. Their main objective grab is the States of Sinaloa and Sonora, and in order to secure these rich possessions they would involve the United States in a WAR WITH MEXICO, and reap additional wealth by "shoddy" contracts, at the sacrifice of the blood of the nation.

The second class are the patriotic Americans who believe in the good old Democratic Monroe doctrine, that there shall be no flag but the American flag on the continent of North America.

The third class, largely represented in Los Angeles and throughout Southern California, want the peninsula of Lower California for political and territorial purposes. The writers of the California added, the five counties of Southern California would secede from the so-called northern citrus belt and form another State, with Los Angeles as the capital. This is encouraged by twenty or thirty ambitious men of large ideas and small mental caliber who think they are qualified for the United States Senate.

The fourth class is the typical filibuster, who wishes to found a free State—a separate flag and a distinct government, like the "Lone Star" State of Texas, when its citizens and "squatters" threw off the Mexican yoke, and elected their leader, SAM HOUSTON, AS ITS PRESIDENT.

For years this class of filibusters have been inducing all classes of people to emigrate to the Peninsula, and so overbalance the native population—somehow on the plan of colonizing a ward with "repeaters" in a political campaign. The seeds of secession would be sown by public speeches and the press, and in the new government leaders of the native element would be placed with office, and thus revolution would be accomplished—peaceably or otherwise.

Thus, there are four distinct plans for revolutionizing Lower California—all for greed of gold or territory—not for the amelioration of the oppressed native, whose condition is far worse than that of the negro in the comparatively "happy sunny southern home" in the days of slavery.

Statesmen of Mexico, seeing these forces at work, long ago concluded that Mexico must eventually lose Lower California, wisely sold that which would eventually be wrested from her. The Mexican government made

A LARGE GRANT

In 1864, covering the vast area of 46,800 square miles in Lower California, which was subsequently transferred to the Lower California Company, whose headquarters were in Los Angeles—a corporation which has already possessed itself, under other grants, of a vast portion of the rich provinces of Sonora and of the peninsula. For this transfer, the grant of 1864, the Lower California Company paid to Mexico a large sum of money when she was in her utmost need. The transfer was duly made at the Mexican Legation in

Washington in May, 1860, and was formally ratified by President Juarez in the following August. A certificate of the conveyance, which was drawn by Hon. Caleb Cushing and indorsed by the Mexican Minister at Washington, was filed in the office of the Secretary of State, to be the basis of any future action between the two governments for the purchase or joint protection of the peninsula of Lower California.

OFFICE IN NEW YORK.

The president of the company, the headquarters of which was at No. 25 William street, New York, was Richard Snell, Esq., and William R. Travers, treasurer. Following which, as directors of the company, are the names of Gen. B. F. Butler, August Belmont, W. G. Fargo, Caleb Cushing, O. K. Garrison, Hon. John A. Griswold, John Anderson, Robert P. Lesse, Ben Holladay, R. M. McLane, Francis Morris, John M. Barlow, Edward S. Sanford, J. B. G. Isham and Marshall Roberts.

The company disclaimed any political motive; that its object was to colonize the lands for commercial purposes. It organized large expeditions of settlers with the view of settling up the provinces, and establishing an ocean city. Emigrants, allured by the precious metals, and other deposits of valuable materials of commerce, swarmed into Lower California; and this spontaneous movement made it all the more requisite that the company should at once apply its power and its means to regulate this random population under civil laws. The company was armed with powers equal to those of the great East India Company, which

FOUNDED AN EMPIRE

In Hindoostan, and its superintendent and Governor-General was said to be the Hon. John A. Logan.

Among the above-named are found two ex-ministers to China and Mexico—Messrs. Cushing and McLane.

THE TRIUNFO WAR.

In November, 1874, there was an attempted insurrection by the Lower California leader, Chavero, formerly collector of customs at La Paz. Chavero's partisans, to the number of about one hundred, were captured in small parties by state troops collected by Gov. Davelos. Two of the insurrectionists were shot. It seems that after this trouble was over the troops were not disbanded, but were, for some unexplained reason, gathered about Triunfo.

The works of the Hornigum Silver Mining Company are at Triunfo, about fifty-two miles from La Paz. The company owns twenty-seven miles of ground, and its operations are extensive and successful. Henry S. Brooks is Triunfo. He was captured in the middle of the night, and he himself called out of bed and arrested on trumped-up and trivial charges. It has seemed apparent that there was a disposition to interfere with the company's operations, and to harass them in every way. About a month before the insurrection, the military suddenly seized the goods in the store of Mr. Brooks and put a guard over the establishment. The Saracene was ordered to La Paz to protect Americans, if necessary. Subsequently Mr. Brooks was released and his property restored to him, there being, of course, no grounds whatever for the outrage committed by the military. For this and all previous outrages Mr. Brooks was unable to obtain any satisfaction from the Mexican civil authorities.

About this time Capt. James, now of Los Angeles, arrived there from La Paz, and volunteered to lend a hand in defense of the place if necessary. Mr. Brooks accepted his offer and put him in command of a number of workmen, who were armed and formed into a sort of home guard. Capt. James threw up barricades around the

hacienda and fortified the place. Its boundary was

MARKED BY WHITE FLAGS

and every Mexican who crossed the line was disarmed. This state of hostilities continued for some time, James's little party keeping up a bold front and the troops maintaining their siege, but no actual collision took place.

Finally a treaty was made. Mr. Brooks, Lieut. Hoff of the Saracene, Mr. Galen, Gov. Davelos, Commandante Martinez, Capt. James and several Mexican officers met in Mr. Brooks's house, and, after parley, Mr. Brooks agreed to disarm his force, the Mexicans agreeing to withdraw their troops from the hacienda. Mr. Brooks at once carried out his part of the agreement, disarming his men and sending them to their work in the mines. At latest information the Mexicans had failed to stand to their agreement. The troops were still there.

JAMES'S ESCAPE.

As one condition of peace, the Mexicans insisted that James should at once leave the country. This was agreed to. James made his way to La Paz at night to avoid danger, and after secreting himself near that city for several days, got on board the next steamer, and landed in San Francisco on November 28, 1874.

And thus ended the "Triunfo war." The International Company succeeded the Mexican and Lower California Company, and the present Land and Colonization Company is the successor of all these. Out of these claims grew the celebrated "Triunfo war," and the subsequent rumors of war which have just come to light.

SCARCELY eight months ago a medical discovery was placed upon the market bearing the title "THE GREAT SIERRA KIDNEY AND LIVER CURE," and whose virtue was claimed to be the cure of kidney and liver complaints.

ITS INTRODUCTION WAS THE SIGNAL FOR ONE OF THE GREATEST SUCCESSSES ever achieved by a patent medicine on the Pacific Coast, as the afflicted quickly ascertained that it was far more efficacious and beneficial than had been claimed, as THE MOST WONDERFUL CURES WERE ACCOMPLISHED IN SUCH A BRIEF TIME as to seem MIRACULOUS.

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ALL DRUGGISTS sell these valuable goods. Take no other.

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Legal.

Notice for Publication of Time for

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT.

State of California, county of Los Angeles. In the matter of the estate of Emilio F. W. Kahle, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that Thursday, the 31st day of June, 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. of said day, at the courtroom of this court, Department Two thereof, corner Franklin and New streets, in the city of Los Angeles, county of Los Angeles, State of California, I have been appointed as the time and place for hearing the application of D. W. Field, Public Administrator, praying that a document now on file in this court, purporting to be the last will and testament of the said deceased, be admitted to probate, that letters of administration, with the will annexed, be issued thereon to him, and that time and place all persons interested therein may appear and contest the same.

Dated May 20, 1890.

C. H. DUNSMOOR, County Clerk.

By M. J. ASHMORE, Deputy.

WELLS, GUTHRIE & LEE, Attorneys for D. W. Field, Public Administrator.

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between the undersigned, under the firm name of Hermann Olovich & Co., doing business in the city and county of San Francisco, State of California, and Meyer Lewis & Co., doing business in the city and county of Los Angeles, State of California, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent.

The said Meyer Lewis & Co. have sold the said business at said city of Los Angeles, under the name of Meyer Lewis.

Dated Los Angeles, Cal., May 20, 1890.

MEYER LEWIS, HERMAN OLOVICH.

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NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the copartnership heretofore existing between P. Beaudry and William Deleuz, under the firm name of "The Los Angeles Vine and Grape Works," is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

P. Beaudry retiring therefrom, William Deleuz will continue the business of said firm under the same name and will collect all amounts due to said firm and pay all debts and assume all the liabilities of said firm.

Witness our hands and seals this 10th day of May, 1890, at the city of Los Angeles, California.

(SEAL) P. BEAUDRY, WILLIAM DELEUZ.

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DR. P. STEINHART,

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*** DR. STAR'S ***

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HINDER CORNS.

The only Cure for Corns, Bunions, Ingrown Toenails, etc., at Druggists, Hinder & Co., N. Y.

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S. Rich was yesterday sentenced to twenty days' imprisonment by Justice Lockwood for disturbing the peace.

Charles P. Livingston of Fairmount is the happy father of a nine-pound boy. All parties concerned are doing well.

A marriage license was issued yesterday to Thomas Hundley aged 28, and Emma Bailey, aged 19, both of Pasadena.

The cases of Max Harris, A. Greenwald and Mrs. Ferner, charged with selling lottery tickets, have been set for the 27th inst.

Three business men will address the gospel meeting, for men only, at the Young Men's Christian Association, tomorrow afternoon at 4 o'clock.

An open air meeting of the Workmen's Nationalist Club will be held at 8 o'clock this evening at the old courthouse. Good speakers have volunteered.

The Board of Public Works held its regular weekly meeting yesterday and adopted the recommendations outlined yesterday in the report of its trip about the city.

Detective Russell of the Southern Pacific, got rid of his goat yesterday. He traded poor Billy off for one of the homeliest curs that ever squatted on his tail in the Southern Pacific depot.

PERSONAL NEWS.

P. Sainevain and wife of San Diego are registered at the Hoffman.

Charles Miller of San Bernardino left this city yesterday for the East, to be absent until fall.

J. R. Sloan of the Western Union Telegraph Company, San Francisco, is a guest at the Hoffman.

The following passengers left for the north by the Southern Pacific line yesterday: W. S. Newhall, Mrs. J. E. Slater, J. M. White, J. W. Johnson, J. W. Green, J. H. Sayre, Judge McKinley, F. P. Sargent, R. S. Heffen, W. W. Collins, Mrs. Taber, Miss Dunn.

AGAIN UNDER THE HAMMER.

The "Bone to Be Sold Next Thursday Morning."

The Sheriff's office was once more the recipient, at the fatal hour of 11 o'clock yesterday morning, of a notice to proceed under an execution against the Tribune by F. P. Elliot & Co.

The judgment was obtained against the Tribune in the Superior Court April 27, 1889, for \$223.75, which with costs and interest footed up \$232.20. Afterward, July 29, 1889, the company paid \$115.25, leaving a balance of \$116.95 still due. The execution was placed in the hands of the Sheriff several days ago, together with the batch of attachments which have kept it in the hands of a keeper ever since, although some of them were arranged for.

After giving the notice yesterday morning the matter was held in abeyance until 2 o'clock, at which time the notices of sale were posted around the courthouse. The date fixed for the sale is next Thursday morning at 10 o'clock, still the fat-fall hour. At that time the plant of the "Bone office" will be sold for cash to the highest bidder.

Mr. Garvey Resigns.

The San Diego Union states that at the regular monthly meeting of the directors of the Lower California Mining Company Thursday Richard Garvey resigned as a director and J. H. Bryant of Los Angeles was elected to fill the vacancy.

The board passed a resolution expressing regret at Mr. Garvey's withdrawal and thanking him for his services as a director. Mr. Bryant was formerly a member of the City Council of Los Angeles and is now Park Commissioner.

He has been in Lower California and is familiar with the country and its resources. The company regard him as a valuable accession to the directory.

STATE AND COAST.

The Tacoma Daily News infers from the visit of President Charles Francis Adams of the Union Pacific to Tacoma, where he arrived last Monday, that the Union Pacific system will be extended soon to Puget Sound.

Silkworm raising in Fresno is attended with some difficulty. There are but two men engaged in the business. S. Mitrovich took his mulberry leaves without permission from the trees of W. F. Haber, and was fined \$50 Wednesday on a charge of malicious mischief. The other cocoonary man depends for his worm food upon mulberry leaves donated by friends. Nevertheless the experiment appears to be successful.

The following is the list of coal ships now on their way to port: From San Francisco, the barkentine and Oregonian, Sydney, the American ship, Jeremiah Thompson, 23 days out; Mercury, 15 days out; Edward O'Brien, Harry Moore, British bark Principality and American bark Richard III.—[San Pedro Harbor Advocate.]

Fidelia Chavez y Valdez, a cold-blooded New Mexico murderer, was lodged in jail at Albuquerque on the 20th inst. She stabbed her husband in the neck with a butcher-knife while he was asleep, at a place called Cabezon.

Special Sunday excursion to Redondo Beach, May 25th. Train leaves Santa Fe depot at 9 and 10:15 a.m. and 1 p.m. Round-trip tickets 50 cents. Passengers from East Los Angeles and vicinity take train at Downey-avenue station at 8:45 and 9:45 a.m.

Fine Tailoring.

A high class of workmanship, perfect fit and artistic cut, with goods shrunken, can be had at moderate prices at 123 West Third street. A pattern is perfected for each customer and filed for future use. We want your trade. H. A. GETZ, 123 West Third street.

Disolution Sale.

Attend the dissolution sale of boots and shoes today at MEYER LEWIS, 301 North Spring street.

NEWS AND BUSINESS.

The Weather.

SIGNAL OFFICE, LOS ANGELES, May 23.—At 5:07 a.m. the barometer registered 30.02; at 5:07 a.m. 29.98. Thermometer for corresponding periods, 35°, 64°. Maximum temperature, 77°; minimum, 51°. Wind, S.W. Weather, partly cloudy.

EASTERN TEMPERATURES.

CHICAGO, May 23.—By telegraph to THE TIMES: Temperatures at 8 a.m.: New York, 62°; New Orleans, 62°; St. Louis, 62°; Cincinnati, 62°; Chicago, 62°; Winnipeg, 62°.

BUSINESS CHANGES.—A few months ago arrangements were made to close out the business of Meyer Lewis & Co., and a sale was started for that purpose. Since that time circumstances have been such as not to enable them to do so. A dissolution, however, has taken place, and Meyer Lewis & Co. will continue the boot and shoe business at the old stand, 301 No. 3 Spring street.

On Tuesday the Montecito Oil Company of Santa Barbara struck a considerable flow of gas in its tunnel at a depth of three hundred and eighty-five feet.

Elegant suits to order, finest workmanship, best trimmings, for \$21. Joe Poheim, the tailor, 141 and 143 South Spring street.

Fifteen cents buys a package of concentrated soup for five plates, at Jevne's, 135 and 137 North Spring street.

Up to date the Twogood Fruit Company of Riverside has shipped one hundred and forty-four and a half carloads of oranges this season.

Los Angeles Ice Cream Company: retail parlor, 323 South Spring street.

Mandarin Java and Arabian Mocha always freshly roasted, at H. Jevne's.

Experiments in silkworm raising at Fresno appear to be successful, though but on a small scale as yet.

Mexican Tonic cures constipation. Manicure for pedicure at H. Jevne's.

Near Saticoy a drowing well was struck at the depth of one hundred and ninety feet, which forces the water four feet above the ground.

Diabetic Gluten Flour for sale at H. Jevne's. Wholesale and retail.

Granula, the great health food, for sale by all grocers.

In Oakland the license ordinance exempts flower dealers from paying municipal tax.

Mexican Tonic cures dyspepsia.

Pullman wafers at H. Jevne's.

A negro woman, worth \$100, was found by a man in his claim, five miles from the town of Mariposa, a few days since.

Mexican Tonic for the blood.

High Teas, a new, delicious Biscuit, at H. Jevne's.

Orford sausage, delicious, at H. Jevne's.

Miss Rose Roberts, 19 years old, of San Leandro, has eloped with a 6-year-old English dancing master named Nattress.

Special Diabetic Flour, at H. Jevne's.

Mexican Tonic for the blood.

Kippel Herring, 25¢ per tin, at H. Jevne's.

Entire Wheat Flour, at H. Jevne's.

The troops are leaving Fort McDowell, Ariz., which is to be abandoned. They go to Fort Lowell, near Tucson.

Tourists' Lunch Goods in endless variety, at H. Jevne's.

Mexican Tonic cures constipation.

San Diego will inaugurate her street cable car system on December 1st.

Finest Butter in the State, at H. Jevne's.

Alkathrepta, at H. Jevne's.

The United States sold two thousand four hundred and sixty-eight seal skins, seized in the spring last year, for \$24,500 in San Francisco last Wednesday.

Mexican Tonic cures dyspepsia.

Smoked salmon and halibut at Jevne's.

Hickabaugh & Co.—Turf Exchange.

A poolroom and turf exchange will be opened today in the Olympic hotel, on First street, by Messrs. Hickabaugh & Co.

Direct telegraphic communication between the poolroom and the East has been established, and all the leading racing events of the season will be bulletined. A new feature will be the posting of all telegrams relative to the betting, as fast as they are received from the track. Today Latona and Brooklyn races will be on the boards, the Latona Derby being run today, with Riley, Roberts and Prince Fonso among the entries. The new rooms are the coolest and coolest in the city.

An Announcement.

Having applications daily for instruction in art, I have decided to at once organize a class for study in water-colors and oil painting and drawing, both in landscape and portraiture. The class will be limited to a few in number, so that the instruction will be an opportunity of securing the most advantageous and thorough instruction. Terms reasonable. Persons desiring to join the class will please call at studio before the 31st inst. and secure membership. R. S. EWING, room 10, California Bank building, corner Broadway and Second street.

Disolution Sale.

Attend the great dissolution sale of boots and shoes at MEYER LEWIS, 301 North Spring street.

W. B. TULLIS, watchmaker, 422 South Spring street. Watches cleaned for \$1.50.

THIS IS NOT OUR WAY.

We make the correct scientific adjusting of glasses and frames our specialty, and guarantee perfect fit. Testing of the eyes free.

PACIFIC OPTICAL INSTITUTE, No. 114 South Spring street.

THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

AN OLD-TIME SPECIAL PRICE SALE OCCURS TODAY.

Old Friends with New Faces—It Will Pay You to Inspect the List Included in Our 25¢ Sale.

PEOPLE'S STORE, SATURDAY, MAY 24, 1890.

Old friends with new faces—one of our old-time special-price sales. During the early spring we held a series of sales, naming a certain price to rule for a certain day as the figure at which thousands of different things could be purchased. They took immensely. Crowds thronged our stores on the event of each succeeding one, and they pointed out to all that lots of useful and necessary things that could be bought at that sale for a price that wouldn't ordinarily half pay for it. This month we intended giving a series of May sales, far outdoing anything ever attempted by us. Our receipts so far for this month prove that we've succeeded. In deference to the requests of many of our patrons for one of the old-time special-price sales—one of their "old friends," as many put it—we have set today apart for a grand 25¢ sale, presenting altogether "new faces"—that is, a collection and variety of everything among our new summer goods that could possibly be squeezed down to a quarter. Come in and see us today—the sale is really one of the old friends, the goods only being new to you—possibly seen elsewhere, but never bought, offered or displayed for more than twice the 25¢ that will buy any of them today.

Grand 25¢ Sale.

The largest list, the best bargains, ever displayed in our windows.

Boys' indigo blue Waists, regular price 50¢, today 25¢.

White Ties, regular price 50¢, today 25¢.

Men's fancy percale Vests, worth 50¢, today 25¢.

Men's silk and satin fancy Bows, worth 50¢, today 25¢.

Men's silk embroidered Suspenders, worth 50¢, today 25¢.

Men's percale Ties, worth 15¢ a dozen, three dozen today 25¢.

Men's business Suits, \$3.75; worth \$5.50, today 25¢.

Pongee mixed Handkerchiefs, worth 25¢ each, two for 25¢.

White Ties, regular price 50¢, today 25¢.

Fancy lisle Socks, worth 50¢, today 25¢.

Men's four-in-hand Scarfs, 50¢ each; today 25¢.

Black silk Girdles, 50¢; today 25¢.

Everlasting Lace, quite wide; 12 yards today for 25¢.

White Ties, regular price 50¢, today 25¢.

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Impossible for us to give every line on sale, but only a few—impossible for us to select the best ones, but we will leave that to your judgment.

Misses' low-cut Oxford Shoes, 90¢ a pair; a neat and dressy shoe, made of bright dog-leather, and reduced from \$1.50.

Ladies' low-cut russet Shoes, 90¢ a pair; a nobby and dressy shoe, made of the best made brands; worth \$1.50 a pair.

Ladies' English walking russet Shoes, \$1.50; an extra fine quality; we open the season with the good, and the good is far better than the actual worth, \$2.75 a pair.

Ladies' fine canvas Shoes, \$1.50 a pair; leather shoe trimmings, will out wear any leather shoe; worth \$2.50 a pair.

Men's canvas Shoes, 90¢ a pair; we recommend these as one of the best made; manufactured to our order; nothing but the best materials used; exactly the same as all shoe dealers sell at \$1.50 a pair.

Men's calf Shoes, \$1.98 a pair; a special grade, in congress or lace, plain or tipped toes; you will find them as good as any sold in the city at \$2.75 a pair.

Dress Goods Department.

Striped and fancy worsted Suits, 100 per yard; some of the prettiest designs we have ever shown; 24 inches wide; and it is the best value in our house today, and worth up to 25¢ per yard.

Imported wool Challies, 150 per yard; a number of new patterns, 12, exquisite designs, richer by far than any shown this season; it seems a shame to sell them at this figure, for they are remarkably cheap at 33¢.

Black or cream Bunting, 100 per yard; remarkably cheap; formerly when sold at 25¢ considered a bargain; for summer wear nothing to equal them; 12 yards required for a full dress, costing the same as all shoe dealers sell at \$1.50 a pair.

Don't overlook the plain and fancy India Silks, 45¢ a yard; remember, these are not the narrow grade, that is being sold in this city, but full 24 inches wide; in new and rich designs, every fiber pure silk, and sold all over at 85¢.

Black silk Rhinades, 75¢ a yard, a bargain you will get once and no more; as heavy as a board; a fine finish and luster; we have never seen its equal at \$1.25.

Clothing Department.

We cut out ourselves today offering the best bargains of any house on the coast; we have three grand specials, one better than the others, two for men and one for boys; by buying today you save almost half what they would cost other times.

Boys' fine dress Suits, \$3.25 a suit; we have often announced special sales in boys' suits, also have a number of cheap ones in stock, but these we offer today are the finest of all; not intended for every day wear, but Sunday and special occasions; made of the finest cloths and choicest patterns; you cannot buy their equal under \$5.50.

Men's business Suits, \$3.75; worth \$5.50. Exceptional for business wear, some of them will do for dress, being made of extra cloth patterns, all in serviceable styles; either one you purchase you will get the grandest bargain ever sold; it's hard for us to impress on you the value of your buy to little money, but we are pleased to have you call and examine them.

Men's Hat Department.

Boys' school Hats, 10¢, nice white straw, dressy shape; worth 35¢.

Men's black silk Hats, 25¢, for office, house or train; elsewhere 50¢.

Boys' dress Hats, 40¢, fine straw, double brim, good trimmings; worth 75¢.

Men's five styles men's Hats, 49¢, just received, comprising lines of the famous Mackinac, Canton and Row & Row brands; compare them with the \$1 hat around town.

Men's straw Hats, 75¢, the correct style in fine straw, with silk bands; it is the perfect dress hat of the season; our 75¢ grade equals the \$1.50 straw elsewhere.

Millinery Department.

We are showing today a number of new trimmed Hats for ladies and children; entirely new, coming direct from our own workrooms; the styles are simple and pleasing, still exquisite in appearance; we have styles belonging to every face, which will be found at our popular prices.

Daisy wreaths, 6¢ each; all shades; will suffice for trimming children's hats, and we have always sold them at 25¢.

Fancy gauze Ribbons, 10¢ a yard, in nobby shapes, only just the width for millinery purposes; worth 25¢.

Men's 49¢ a bunch or spray; an extraordinary large assortment; too many to describe, but you will find just what you want; worth from 75¢ to \$1 each; in colors.

Ladies' fancy lace Hats, 65¢ each; in the nobby popular style; either shade or dress Hat, and reduced for today from \$1.

Ladies' fine black Milan straw Hats, 65¢ each; this popular shape is the craze of the season; remember they are the fine Milans, which the milliners are asking \$2.25 for.

Men's fine dress Hats, 49¢ wide, broad-brim shapes, in white or colored; becoming to every child's face, and worth \$1.

A. HAMBURGER & SONS.

Unclassified.

PURE WINE.

FROM THE L. J. ROSE CO. (Limited)

San Gabriel, Cal.

The following are California Wines and Brandy can be obtained from our agents: WOOLCOTT, by the pint bottle, gallon or barrel; California Brandy, Imported, Berger, Zinfandel, Blau, Ribon, Rousseau, Port, Grape Brandy. The above wines are sold in our cases ready for shipping, and of the East. Try Old Port for medicinal use.

H. J. WOOLCOTT, 124 and 126 N. Spring St.

Branch Store, 438 SOUTH SPRING STREET, LOS ANGELES.

LOS ANGELES.

WAREHOUSE.

205 - 209 S. Los Angeles St., CORNER THIRD.

Location and accommodations make this the most convenient place for storage of all kinds. Telephone 207.

EDWARD GERMAIN, Wholesale and Retail.

WINE & LIQUOR MERCHANT, 222 South Spring Street.

Telephone 110.

FINEST WINES & LIQUORS, WARRANTED PURE.

For Family and Medicinal Use.

Best brands of Kentucky Whiskies. Sole agents for California Mineral Water, best for stomach and kidney troubles. Agent for Wilhelm's Quinine (Kronthal, Germany), a reliable and pure tonic. A. G. FIEB, 100 South Spring Street, Los Angeles, May 22, 1890.

CAPT. M. M. CHASE, Agent for Southern California.

EDWARD M. ROGGS, Civil & Hydraulic Engineer.

Irrigation Systems a Specialty. SAN BERNARDINO, CAL.

Meat Market.

JUSTICE TO ALL!

Great Surprise to the Citizens of Los Angeles.

JUSTICE MEAT MARKET

Will Open Corner Los Angeles and First Streets.

MONDAY, MAY 26, and will keep nothing but first-class American Beef, Veal, Pork, etc.

PRICES AS FOLLOWS:

Beefsteak, per pound, from .8 to 1.00
Veal Cutlets 100
Pork Chops and Steaks